

HEALTH



AGRICULTURE



ANNUAL REPORT 2015-16

SANITATION

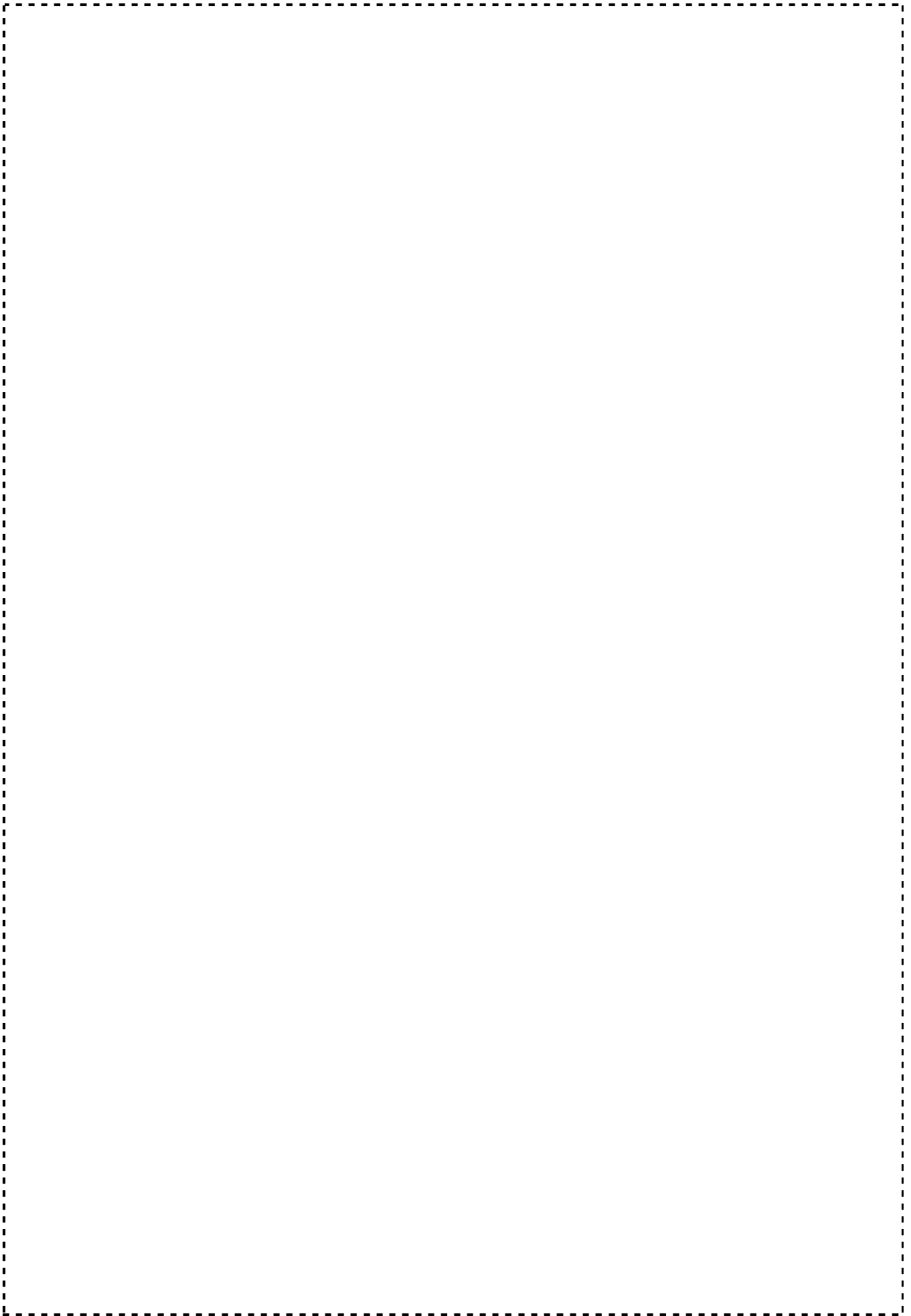
 **Narottam
Lalbhai**
Rural Development Fund

LIVELIHOOD



EDUCATION





OVERVIEW

ABOUT NLRDF **4**

FROM EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S DESK **5**

BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND MANAGEMENT **6**

STAFF AND VOLUNTEERS **6**

PROGRAMMES AND INITIATIVES IN FY 2015-16

NUTRITIONAL PRACTICES: MOTHER, INFANT AND YOUNG CHILD **8**

ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE: INITIATIVE TO REHABILITATE WIDOWS **14**

ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME ON FOOD PROCESSING **15**

NATIONAL AIDS CONTROL PROGRAMME AT DAHEJ- BHARUCH **16**

NATIONAL AIDS CONTROL PROGRAMME AT SABARKANTHA **19**

LIBRARY & COACHING CENTRE FOR COMPETITIVE EXAM AT KADI **21**

SCHOOL SANITATION FOR GIRLS **22**

WATER HARVESTING PROJECT AT AKOLA, MAHARASHTRA **23**

WORKSHOP ON ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND ORGANIC FARMING **24**

HEARTFULLNESS AND MEDITATION FOR RELAXATION PROGRAMME **26**

FUNDS AND DONORS

GET IN TOUCH

ANNEXURES

ABOUT NLRDF

Narottam Lalbhai Rural Development Fund (NLRDF) is a registered NGO founded in 1978 by The Arvind Mills Ltd. The organisation stands on the principles and philosophy of 'services to mankind with a genuine interest in integrated human progress and firsthand experience in diverse facets of social development.' In the last 37 years of its foundation, NLRDF has grown as a grassroots organisation striving for a holistic development.

Objective

NLRDF objective is to take initiatives towards the development process at the village level through specifically designed programmes. To sum it up:

'Stimulating, initiating and setting into motion a process of development which within a specific span of time would become self-sustaining and self-perpetuating, whilst monotonically reducing the relative disparities between various levels of the society'.

In order to evolve a strategy for the fulfillment of the objective, we follow and try adapting Mother Nature. Mother Nature is essence of our existence, the various facets of life are all inter related and inter-dependent. Therefore, in-build with the DNA of NLRDF would be to take an overall integrated, holistic-point of view in development intervention.

Role Dimensions

In the light of the above strategy for development intervention the trust carried out operations in various sectors like: agriculture, social and farm forestry, horticulture, fodder development, animal husbandry, minor irrigation, rural electrification (street and agriculture related), roads, biogas, medical services, health care, nutrition, sanitation and disease control, non-formal education, adult education vocational training of handicapped persons, watershed development, aids awareness and prevention, women empowerment, women & child development, skill upgradation programme for youth and women, meditation, etc.

FROM EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S DESK



It is with a great pleasure I present to you NLRDF annual progress report for the year 2015-16. Our organisation has put its sincere and honest efforts, even though at small scale, but has tried contributing to make some difference in the lives of people and communities we have been able to reach with our variety of programs like AIDS control programme, Women & Child development, Skill upgradation for widows rehabilitation, School Sanitation for girls, Library for competitive exam., EDP, etc. Today, number of developmental issues has opened the scope to drive initiatives for the lives of millions of people, and to reduce the vulnerabilities of the marginalised sections of the society. In terms of financial performance, the Trust has spent Rs. 122.81 lacs on sanctioned projects out of the grant received from the concerned agencies. Trust also received interest of Rs. 22.96 lacs that have been largely spent on establishment expenses and general administration.

Activities of the trust during the year were primarily focused on training of widows, AIDS awareness, Agricultural interventions, UNICEF supported project Infant Young & Child Nutrition (IYCN), Health & Sanitation, Skill upgradation etc. Trust spent Rs. 126.46 lakhs on the objects of the trust. The net deficit during the year was Rs. 15.57 lakhs largely due to salary paid to managerial staff. In terms of its financial strength, it has liquid funds aggregating to Rs. 281.85 lakhs that have been all safely invested in bank deposits.

On behalf of the group board, I would like to acknowledge efforts of our team, field staff and volunteers across various centers to meet NLRDF objectives successfully and keep us at the track of our motto of this initiative. I would also like to extend my sincere thanks to the communities for contributing to our programs, placing trust and confidence in us to take up some facilitating role in their journey of development and growth.

In the end, I would like to reiterate, we are committed to continue the journey and touch as many more lives and communities in the coming years also. I sincerely invite you to be part of this journey of an organisation of common people with uncommon determination.

My sincere thanks to all who have participated actively in our voyage.

B M Shah

BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND MANAGEMENT

NLRDF is structurally working under a Board of Trustees, the Chairman of which is directly responsible for the overall policy direction and guidelines for the trust. The present Chairman is Mr. Samveg A. Lalbhai. Reporting directly to the Chairman and the Board of Trustees is the Executive Director Mr. B.M. Shah of the trust, who has the responsibility of guiding policy formulation and providing necessary feedback for the same. He is also responsible for the strategic and operational planning of the trust's programme.

Board of Trustees

No.	Name	Designation	Age	Qualification	Occupation
1	Shri. Samveg A. Lalbhai	Chairman	55	B.Com.	Industrialist
2	Shri. Anang A. Lalbhai	Trustee	53	B.Com.-MBA	Industrialist
3	Mrs. Jayshreeben S. Lalbhai	Trustee	59	B.A. M.Ed.	Social Services
4	Mrs. Anamikaben S. Lalbhai	Trustee	55	B.A. (Hons)	Social Services

Management

1	Shri B. M. Shah	Executive Director	64	M.Com., F.C.A., LL.B.,CISA (USA)	Service
2	Shri K. P. Patel	Chief Manager	60	B.Com., LLB	Service

STAFF AND VOLUNTEERS

The trust has total staff strength of more than 35 members. Most of our staff is from rural sector and they understand the root of the problems and ways to handle the programmes without disturbing the ecosystem of the place. Most of them are post graduates in various disciplines and enthusiastic to make the difference. We get lot of community support and volunteers to implement our programmes successfully.



Standing from left: P.D. Madhavi, Messenger, B.D. Vihol, Comp. Operator, J.P. Joshi, Clerk, V.M. Desai, Project Admin
 Sitting from left: Nita Shah, Sr. Faculty, K.P. Patel, Chief Manager, P.R. Parikh, Accountant



AIDS Control Programme Team, IDAR - Sabarkantha



AIDS Control Programme Team, Dahej-Bharuch



Mother Infant and Young Child Nutrition Project & Farmers Producer Org. Project Team, Khedbhrahma, Sabarkantha

NUTRITIONAL PRACTICES: MOTHER, INFANT AND YOUNG CHILDREN

Malnutrition in India

Malnutrition is more common in India. One in every three malnourished children in the world lives in India. About 50 per cent of all childhood deaths are attributed to malnutrition. Malnutrition limits development and the capacity to learn.

Malnutrition in children is not affected by food intake alone; it is also influenced by access to health services, quality of care for the child and pregnant mother as well as good hygiene practices. Girls are more at risk of malnutrition than boys because of their lower social status. The overall objective of the project is to ensure that communities and families with pregnant women and mothers of children below 2 years of age and caretakers are aware of appropriate IYCF practices and access VHND services. In the short run, the project will model this community based initiative and derive good practices that can be replicated in other high priority districts and tribal dominated high priority talukas.

The programme has been implemented by the support of UNICEF, Gandhinagar. Looking to the performance in the year 2014-15 conducting the programme as well as covering the remaining and new target population of the area, UNICEF sanctioned this programme for 2nd year to NLRDF.

The project was initiated in Sabarkantha District required an intensive community mobilization efforts. It requires engaging with the community especially pregnant women, mothers of children below 2 years of age, their family members, and other community based influential stakeholders such as self help group members, health and ICDS functionaries, VHSNC and PRI members. The introduction and use of innovative communication and training tools will enhance the capacity of frontline functionaries to provide information and counseling to families and communication to improve survival, growth and development of the children.

This activity is done through local village level volunteers and field staff that are local to the region so that they are able to broach and bring to discussion, which are often guided by social norms and practices.

Khedbrahma Taluka's 136 villages are divided in 13 clusters namely Gadhda, Shamlaji, Kheroj, Hingatiya, Laxmipura, Labadiya, Matoda, Delwada, Dantral, Mota Baval, Khedva, Salera Kharaniya and Poshina for the better implementation of the programme,

Target Population 2015-16 at Khedbrahma Taluka (136 Villages)

Sr. No.	Beneficiaries	Total population
1.	Pregnant Women	2035
2.	Lactating Women	2672
3.	Malnourished Children up to 2 years	2113
Total		6820

Project Activities

Staff Capacity Building Training

The initial phase was to familiarize the staff with the objective and implementation plan of the project. Five-day training organised at Vadali for entire the staff was aimed to make prepare them with the tools and execution plan into their respective talukas. After staff training, total villages of the taluka were divided in 13 clusters and four village volunteers were selected from each village. We have selected 544 village volunteers in 136 villages in Khedbrahma and Poshina Block.

Village Volunteer's Training

Thereafter staff conducted two day training for the Village volunteers into their respective clusters for the capacity building of the Village Volunteer and understanding of the project. Training had major emphasis on the method of video show, use of flipchart, growth game, how to cover the entire village with the use of map, target audience definition, etc.

The criteria of target audience were:

- Pregnant women
- Lactating mother
- Children of the age group 0-2 Years
- Women who have not taken benefit of the govt. schemes



Details of trainings completed

No of Villages	Clusters	No of Trainees	Duration of Training
136	13	544 Village volunteers	Two days (Total 13 batches)

Use of Communication Tool

Project was envisaged for a sustained dialogue on appropriate maternal and IYCN practices. Mentioned below activities were imparted in the field.

Facts for Life Video Show

The Facts for Life (FFL) Video Shows provide parents and caregivers with essential information that can help improve and save children and mothers lives. It was the expectation from these videos that they will help rural women:

- *To understand the benefits of recommended behaviours*
- *To address some of the constraints in their social environments*
- *To adopt simple household behaviours*
- *To access frontline workers (Anganwadi Workers, ANMs, ASHAs, Panchayats, etc) in their Communities*

Facts for Life topics are covered in these video shows

Sr. No.	Name of FFL Video Show	No. of Villages	No. of beneficiaries
1	Fakt Stanpan	136	3367
2	Colostrums	136	3630
3	Upari Ahar	136	4133
4	Stanpaan Ni Yogya Paddhati	136	4067
5	Vitamin A	136	3627

Flip Chart/Mobisodes/Flashcards

Flip charts were used for presenting ideas in a display format. Each illustrated sheet present only the most important ideas; pictures are accompanied by short, simple text written in a font that is easy to read.



Counselling: During Home Visits/Mamta Diwas

Home visit is very important for educating parents to enable mothers and family members to plan an effective role in the child's growth and development with special emphasis on infant young child nutrition practices. The project also envisaged the importance of home visits by the village volunteers and anganwadi workers. To improve the quality of home visits by AWW or VVs different job aids like Flip chart, Flash card, Mobisodes, FFL Video Films and Story book were developed. These all aids acted as reference material for AWWs and VVs to review and be prepared in advance, and carried along and were used while counselling the beneficiaries.



Major activities conducted during the year

Sr. No	Particulars	No. of Activities (Sept -15 to March-16)	Consolidated Beneficiaries
1	V V Capacity Building Training	Two day Training in 13 Clusters	544 Village Volunteers
2	Facts for Life (FFL) Video Shows	680	18887 Show this Video Show
3	Use of Flip Charts	2108	6271
4	Growth Game	15	115
5	Use of Mobisode	1428	2357
6	SHG meeting	44	456
7	Visit to Mamta Divas	129	129
8	Visit to Anganwadi Centre	460	2471
9	SEZA meeting	39	39
10	Block Meeting	8	8
11	Planning & Capacity Building of Project Staff	5	5
12	Review Meeting	5	5



SUCCESS STORIES

Gamar Miraben Jovanbhai – Ambasar Village



When Kailashben Parmar did a home visit, Meraben was already having 5 children and was expecting the 6th one. Kailashben informed about video shows taking place in the village for two days. Meraben had undergone 5 home deliveries. She went to watch the video show which was on exclusive breastfeeding. After watching video shows she got answers to many of her queries. Still she didn't ask any question and asked Kailashben to visit her home. During her home visit Kailashben explained her and then after VV also went to her home and gave Meraben necessary guidance. Later Meraben told her family members that she wants to deliver in an institution and finally she delivered in a hospital only. There, within 1 hour she initiated breastfeeding to her child.

Now whosoever comes to visit her, she tells them to watch the video shows.

Babudiya Meraben Naranbhai - Petachapra

Veerabhai Dabhi had conducted a survey on 14/10/2015 and the 1st video show was held on 11/12/2015 in which the information regarding breastfeeding was given. After that Veerabhai had conducted home visits on 28/12/2015 in which Mamta card had been checked. At that time Meraben was in her last month of her pregnancy so Veerabhai gave information regarding benefits of institutional deliveries, 108 and services provided by KHIKHILAT. He also gave information regarding EIBF through flipchart. On 03/01/2016 Meraben had undergone an institutional delivery and initiated breastfeeding within 1 hour and she decided to give EBF for 6 months.

Parmar Kiranben Maheshbhai – Lambadiya Village

Kiranben had a girl child yet her family was forcing her for a 2nd child. During second delivery she faced lot of difficulties. Aagiben showed 1st video show on 9/10/2015 where Kiranben didn't come to attend it. TRP and VV explained her and brought her for the video show for 1 hour and she liked it. Kiranben actively participated in the discussion. For 2nd and 3rd video show she herself came to attend it. 3rd video show was beneficial for her as it was based on complementary 3rd

video show was beneficial for her as it was based on complementary feeding and her child was going to enter the 7th month. After video show Kiranben personally went to Aagiben and Aagiben explained her 3 to 4 important things like:



- After 6 months in complementary feeding the child should be fed soft and mashed khichidi, mashed dal and mashed banana 3 times in a day.
- First give the food and then breastfeed the child. If the child is breastfed 1st then he won't eat the food sufficiently
- When the child turn 9 months old then increase the amount of food and feed the child 4 times a day.
- Utensils in which the child eats should be wiped with clean cloth and hands of mother should be washed with soap and then only she should cook for her child.

Immediately after going home Kiranben prepared mashed khichidi and fed her child. When Aagiben went for home visit after 1 week she found Kiranben happy.

Start Mamta divas - Bhuri Dharafal Village

In this village nobody was aware about Mamta divas and Mamta card. They were also not aware about the government facilities for their good health. So in this situation Yogeshbhai Parmar had conducted a video show under UNICEF programme through NLRDF. When he asked pregnant and lactating women about vaccination he came to know that those services were not provided there. Yogeshbhai informed this matter to PHC center at block level and through constant follow up Mamta Day celebration took place on Thursday and Friday. Yogeshbhai and 4 VVs had distributed Mamta cards on Mamta day and he had made arrangements for the next Mamta day. All VVs informed the beneficiaries about Mamta day celebration.

ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE: INITIATIVE TO REHABILITATE WIDOWS

The programme of giving support to widows is being implemented by NLRDF for the last 10 years. The basic objective of this programme is to make widows independent, self sufficient and self reliant so that they can respectfully earn their livelihood. They are trained in various vocational skills and given kits to earn their livelihood. As a part of training, lessons in entrepreneurship development are also given in which quality assurance, marketing, management of trades costing are included to enhance their self confidence, so that they can start their own business. After the completion of the training a kit worth Rs.5000/- is provided to each widow.

NLRDF has so far implemented this programme in 20 districts of Gujarat State and imparted training to 10942 widows. Looking at the achievements till the year 2014-15, the Department of Women and Child Development, Government of Gujarat has awarded target of imparting training to 250 in Ahmedabad and Surat districts.

The training is imparted through innovative and practical methods like games, group discussion, group activities, field work, field visit, mini market, lectures of successful women entrepreneurs etc. As a part of technical training raw materials of relevant occupations are provided to the participants.

Subjects incorporated in the training:

- *Business Opportunity Guidance*
- *Selection of Trade/Occupation and its criteria*
- *Market Survey/Study through practical self experience of "Mini Market "*
- *Experience sharing with successful entrepreneurs*
- *Market Management*
- *Technical Training in their selected Trade*
- *Preparing Project Report*



Number of Trainings held during the year

No	District	Centre	Duration	No. of beneficiaries
1	Ahmedabad	Detroj	2 weeks	25
2	Ahmedabad	Detroj	4 weeks	25
3	Ahmedabad	Nandej	4 weeks	25
4	Ahmedabad	Vatva 1 – 2	4 weeks	50
5	Surat	Mandavi 1 to 5	4 weeks	125
TOTAL				250



ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME ON FOOD PROCESSING

Economic Development is the most significant factor to be considered for the growth of any society or country. The current trade and industry situation demands growth in any segment. Particularly in developing countries like India where trade and industry growth is the most necessary features to be of main concern. This can be achieved through development of conventional farmers' skills, micro entrepreneur/business and self-employment among rural people with an initiative to perk up the income.

Since the Government is emphasising of agro product into value added products with a view to reduce the wastage of agricultural produce and increase in the income for the farmers, it would require training the farmers and prospective entrepreneurs/unemployed youth in an intensive manner so as to sensitize them to the idea of value addition, food processing and encourage to establish food processing and encourage them to establish food processing industries.

Looking at this context, NLRDF with the support of Gujarat Agro Industries Corporation, Government of Gujarat and in coordination with Entrepreneurship Development Institute (EDI) Ahmedabad have step laddered in this direction of promoting rural people for entrepreneurship programmes on Food Processing.

Major Objectives

- To guide them in establishing market linkages
- To provide basic knowledge of project formulation and management
- To motivate trainees and promote for business venture
- To educate them on the opportunities and financial assistance
- To provide escort services to enable them to avail credit facilities from banks or financial institutions
- To guide them in establishing market linkages

Course Content

- Business opportunities available for starting entrepreneurs
- Market Survey and identification of project in food processing
- Preparation of Project Report for Bank Financing.
- Food Laws and Food Product Packaging
- Factory Visits
- Book Keeping and Accounts
- Various Government Schemes



The development input planned by EDP for rural people from villages is a 4 weeks training of both class room and field work. Training programme was planned bearing in mind the accessibility of the participants and the time suitable to them so as not to disturb their regular work. Thus EDP training at ATMA House, At Anand was instigated from 20th July to 1st September 2015 with the daily schedule of 5 hours. Total no of participant were 30 out of them 18 participants started their business like Drumstick powder, Amla candy, Mango candy, Alu banana wafers, Ata Mill, Ginger and Haldi powder, Jelly & Gravy making, dry vegetable processing, etc. The total investment is 80 lakhs and employment generated is 125.

NATIONAL AIDS CONTROL PROGRAMME AT DAHEJ-BHARUCH (Migrant Workers)

NLRDF is engaged in creating awareness to reduce the transmission of HIV/AIDS and other sexual transmitted diseases by change in high risk behavior of target population. NLRDF's rich experience and strength in the programme achieved good results in the implementation of the above programme. GSACS has awarded this programme continuously since 2003.

AIDS is one of the most top most agenda that India is fighting to eradicate. There are many migrant workers migrated from Bihar, Rajasthan, MP, Punjab, Orissa and other districts of Gujarat in Dahej Industrial Area, Bharuch district in search of employment. Excess money and being away from family make them vulnerable to indulge into high risk activities.

The organisation implements the project to scale up TIs with the aim of reaching out to the targeted population groups. The interventions under this programme included:

(i) The provision of behavior change interventions to increase safe practices, testing and counseling, and adherence to treatment, and demand for other services (ii) Promotion and provision of condoms to HRG to promote their use in each sexual encounter (iii) Provision or referral for STI services including counseling at service provision centers to increase compliance of patients with treatment, risk reduction counseling with focus on partner referral and management.

As a part of outreach activities, following activities were undertaken:

IPC Meetings: IPC meetings with the target groups were organised focusing on delivering information on the project and making them understand about HIV/AIDS. Awareness and information during the meetings were disseminated through IEC materials, condoms demonstration and used IPC tool which included body mapping, importance of using condoms, seasonal map and daily routine of migrant.



Health camps: Health camps were organised focusing on awareness and offer counseling about general health and healthcare issues, as well as provide non-specialized healthcare services. This helped to provide solutions, information dissemination and preventive healthcare practices. There was a special camp for creating awareness on HIV/AIDS issues for the migrants. This special camp focused on all basic information regarding HIV — modes of transmission, preventive methods, myths and misconceptions about HIV and AIDS. The event witnessed participation of over hundred people including women and children.

Congregation event: The main purpose of the event was to bring the targeted stakeholders together and develop an environment of gathering which help them to come together and support one another. Such types of events are held during festivals or any special occasions.

Demand generation activity: Specific visits to the migrant colony were planned and the project staff met about 80 migrants in the colony, and also they were provided essential services by placing stalls at the colony through which they get information regarding their health, use of condoms, SIT treatment and also other related information through IEC.

Poster exhibition: Poster exhibition was organized through which people from migrant colony received awareness and understanding on HIV/AIDS.

Networking with the companies through workshop:

As a part of this activity, workshops were held for the migrant people and other employees of the companies. Information on HIV/AIDS through interactive sessions, IEC materials, posters and video show were disseminated which were very helpful to understand HIV/AIDS. Networking was done with the local doctors of the areas and they were given information about the project and the targeted stakeholders.



Innovative Work:

- Because of continuous efforts for liasoning with Reliance at Dahej by the team leader, the Organisation succeeded in ELM and initiated the programme Jagruti.
- 5 health camps were organised for workers of Reliance and were given free medical treatment.
- Awareness on HIV/AIDS was spread.
- A script was prepared and played by NLRDF team during the World AIDS Day celebration at various companies.

Key Challenges

- The major issues are lack of transportation facilities and unavailability of doctors. ICTC is 32 km far away from Jolwa TI Office of NLRDF and F-ICTC is 7 km far away from Jolwa office. Direct transportation to Vagra ICTC for workers is too expensive and timeconsuming.
- Availability of time for workers also is the main factor, they are not able to spare time from their working hours
- Lack of HIV kits in F-ICTC develops a gap in achieving target of testing.
- Area of operation in Dahej is very large to cover all the areas.



Sr. No.	Activities	Covered Population
1	No. of migrants were contacted through IPC sessions	27765
2	No. of migrant registered	9746
3	No. of demand generation activities	6
4	No. of health camps organized	120
5	No. of migrant treat for SIT	62
6	No. of HIV patients tested for HIV	20
7	No. of total outlet established	14
8	No. of HRG tested for HIV	1034
9	No. of HIV, reactive	4
10	No. of HIV positive registered at ART centre	3
11	No. of congregation events conducted	2
12	Street plays	6
13	Advocacy meetings	20
14	DIC meetings	80
15	Staff meetings	46
16	Stakeholders' meetings	20
17	Two day PE training	1

| NATIONAL AIDS CONTROL PROGRAMME AT SABARKANTHA

NLRDF is actively involved in the program since 2003 and has been pioneering in the same. The major aim of the project is envisaged to reduce new infections HIV by 50% and comprehensive care, support and treatment to all persons living with HIV/AIDS.

The intervention provides comprehensive and integrated approach for HIV prevention among the marginalised and vulnerable population. NLRDF target areas for the programme are Idar, Khedbrahma, Vadali, Himmatnagar. Target group in the programme are MSM (Male having Sex with Male) and FSW (Female sex worker)

Following are the major components:

- *BCC-Behavior Change Communication and Provision of Commodities*
- *STI CARE -counseling, Regular Medical Checkup (RMC), Presumptive Treatment (PT), Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI) Syndrome treatment*
- *Referral and linkages- Integrated Counseling and Testing Center(ICTC)*
- *Anti-Retroviral Treatment (ART), DOTS, DIC center, Govt. schemes*
- *Enabling Environment*
- *Community Mobilisation*

The programme has been designed at 04 Sites and 26 high risk areas (Hot Spots) where FSWs and MSMs are generally found. Under the intervention 595 FSWs and 360 MSMs are covered. They are considered as key population for the project. In NACP-IV Project , 7 local doctors are selected and trained as panel doctors for STI CARE component. RMC, PT, STI syndrome treatment. Peer educators also are trained by GSACS and they have been given orientation by the organisation at the work place regularly in monthly meetings.

Three committees named DIC committee, STI committee, Crisis management committee have been formed in the project. Crisis management committee focuses on handling the problems taking place in the community. DIC committee focuses on entertainment of the community, and STI committee focuses on to help clinic component key population.



Sr. no	Particulars	Achievements
1	Converge	10236
2	STI Clinic Visit	3256
3	Regular Medical Checkup	3122
4	Presumptive Treatment	112
5	STI Treatment	22
6	HIV Testing	1640
7	RPR Testing	1640
8	Counseling	1436
9	Hotspot & demand meeting	14
10	P.E Review meetings	130
11	DIC meetings	34
12	Crisis Meetings	3
13	Stakeholder Meeting	2
14	STI Meeting	8
15	DIC Committee Meeting	6

Major Activities Conducted During the year

HRG: MSM-360, FSW-595. Total HRG:-955

World AIDS Day Celebration – 1 December-2015

World AIDS Day is celebrated every year on 1st December globally. As a part of this awareness and education programme, NLRDF in the year 2015-16, undertook different activities such as Jagruti Abhiyan (Awareness Campaigning), health camps, referring STD cases to Government hospitals.

Awareness Programmes carried out in Sabarkantha District

NLRDF had taken up celebration of World AIDS Day on 1st December and conducted following programmes during the day.

As a part of awareness programme on HIV/AIDS, public exhibition was planned at Idar S.T.Depot. Bus drivers, conductors, college students, and other community people participated and benefited from the programme. During the exhibition, audience gained information, awareness and education on HIV/AIDS and other related issues. They were also given information booklet, and also Counselor and PE of organisation addressed the questions asked by general public including students during the programme. Total 800 people participated in the programme

Awareness Programmes carried out in Dahej Industrial Zone of Bharuch District

As a part of World AIDS Day celebration, NLRDF conducted an awareness programme for the workers of WELSPUN Company and SRF. Awareness was disseminated on how HIV is spread, what is AIDS and what are the preventive measures. The whole session was interacted by Mr. Ashish Patel and Mr. Jignesh Bhimraj. A drama on 'Zindagi Zindabad' was played by the team of NLRDF. HIV/AIDS related issues such as unsafe sex, how AIDS spread, how to take care.



LIBRARY AND COACHING CENTRE FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMS

As NLRDF is actively working for the socio-economic development programme in various fields under CSR since long, so that NLRDF has gained credibility and other corporate like ONGC, Sir Ratan TATA Trust has begun to join with NLRDF for CSR activities.

This is an initiative of NLRDF to upgrade the rural youths of SC/ST category in the field of Education. Today education has become significant, and thus it helps to widen the scope for youths for employment. It is seen that in spite of having formal education, there is relatively less awareness about current status of employment in the market or tools on internet among youth in rural areas.

Looking at this situation, NLRDF with the support of Oil and Natural Gas Commission (ONGC), Ahmedabad established a library for schedule caste and schedule tribes youth. The library and coaching center were set up in the campus of Sarva Vidhyalaya Kelavani Mandal, Kadi District - Mahesana.

NLRDF organised awareness camps in the beginning, and then published advertisement in the newspaper to spread awareness to encourage youth.

Main Objectives for Competitive Class

- To provide materials and resources prepared by expert faculties
- To motivate and promote schedule caste and schedule tribe youths
- To provide them counseling for their better career
- To provide facility of books and materials
- To help youths to have online registration for exams



Main Activities of the Center

- Special schedule for coaching is prepared throughout the year which includes all types of competitive exams.
- Coaching is given by experts who prepare standard contents and mock exams, and thus they prepare the youths for the competitive exams.
- Visiting faculties or resource persons are also invited for necessary guidance.
- Latest and current books and resources are available in the library which covers the subjects like Mathematics, English, General Knowledge, Social Studies etc.



Total 200 youths were benefited by this library and center. Two batches were going on, daily two hours session, one is for schedule caste and schedule tribe students and another is only female students. Total 102 youths registered online and gave exams for government jobs. This programme is being implemented with guidance of senior officers of ONGC and support of Shri Vallabh Patel, Chairman, Sarva Vidhyalaya Kelvani Mandal, Kadi.

| SCHOOL SANITATION FOR GIRLS

Water, environment and sanitation (WES) are children's issues, inexorably linked to girls' education. When over a billion people do not have access to safe water and 2.6 billion people, that is half of the developing world's population do not have adequate sanitation, it is not surprising that so many schools fail to provide these essentials to their students.

While affecting all school-aged children, inadequate sanitation facilities hit girls hardest, pushing many out of the classroom for lack of privacy and dignity. In some cases girls put up with these deplorable conditions only to leave when they begin to menstruate. UNICEF recognizes that all primary schools need clean, separate latrines for boys and girls.

Swachh Bharat Abhiyan is very important programme initiated by Government of India. Under this initiative, programme sanitation for girls of primary school started from 2Nd October, 2015.

As a part of this initiative, NLRDF conducted a survey work in the schools of Kadi Taluka of Mahesana District and Kalol Taluka of Gandhinagar District. The major findings of the survey were that particularly girls are not able to continue education due to lack of facility of toilets in the schools. Today numbers of girls have started to take education. So it is very necessary to focus on toilets for girls in the schools.

NLRDF with the support of ONGC has constructed toilet block for 120 Girls in primary school of Pratappura village of Kalol Taluka. Another two toilet blocks for girls student have been approved by ONGC for the village Khatraj and Sanavad, Kalol taluka are under construction.



| WATER HARVESTING PROJECT AT AKOLA, MAHARASHTRA

Support to Farmers in Vidarbha for providing protective irrigation to standing kharif crops during water stress periods through Rain Water Harvesting under Convergence of Agriculture Interventions in Maharashtra (CAIM)

The present cluster of 22 villages of Murtizapur- Akola Taluka is predominantly a rainfed area. Soil is in nature having an average depth of 100 – 175 cm. Kharif is the main season with cotton and soybean as the major cash crops. Pigeon pea is intercropped with these two major crops. In some parts, rabi is also taken where soil holds moisture longer. Gram is the main crop of the rabi season.



Major cash crop cotton and soybean fetches stress or a dry spell during their reproductive growth which largely affects yield. Protective irrigation at this time plays a curtail role and avoids yield loss. Water Harvesting Structure (WHS) harvests rain water and retains soil moisture longer. Harvested rain water can be utilized for protective irrigation. Protective irrigation is the urgent need of the cluster. Considering the above need, the present WHS project was designed and financially supported by Navajbai Ratan Tata Trust - Mumbai.

During the year 2015-16, following activities have been carried out at the Murtizapur cluster, Akola district, Maharashtra.

- 57 farm ponds of 20*20*3 meter size have been covered under protective irrigation in seven villages.
- Farm banding of 22802 running meters covering around 72 acres of land, which helps to check soil run-off during heavy rainfall.
- 129 Sprinkler sets were distributed which would help farmers to uplift the water from their available resources during requirement for irrigation to their kharif and rabi crops covering land under protective irrigation.
- 5 pump sets were distributed among farmers for uplifting water from the resources.

The Cluster Level Committee meeting in the presence of members and staff was conducted regularly in the beginning of every quarter for selection of beneficiaries of the project, priorities of activities to be carried out and review of financial budget were carried out.

Best practices captured/followed

Brushwood dam created on farm pond with using cotton stalks and gunny bags filled with sand to check soil erosion during rainfall which act as filter media on the inlet of farm pond and allow water into the pond.

Challenges

Main challenge was faced during creation of farm pond because government provided more amount to the contractor for the same work that we had done. Hence we were unable to achieve our given targets as not a single contractor was willing to take our project.



WORKSHOP ON ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND ORGANIC FARMING

Integrating animal husbandry into crop producing farms is one of the principles of organic farming. In temperate and arid zones, animal husbandry plays an important role in recycling of nutrients, while there is less emphasis in the humid tropics. The caring, training, and nurturing of animals is considered as an art in many farming communities.

Majority of tribal people in the villages of Khedbrahma Taluka depend on agricultural works, but they do not have good agriculture and also do not have animal husbandry. This situation leads them to migrate from their villages to urban areas in search of livelihood.

Animal Husbandry

A workshop was organised on animal husbandry at Gadhdha Shamlaji village. 98 women who are engaged in Animal Husbandry participated in the workshop. Dr. Yogesh kumar from KVK provided necessary guidance and details regarding animal husbandry, he interacted and discussed with women about all the issues and schemes related to animal husbandry such as taking care during purchasing of cows and buffalos, fertility methods, care of cattle, importance of cattle feed. He also explained women to keep accounts to get more benefits from animal husbandry.

Animal husbandry has tremendous potential for employment generation which provides better opportunity for self-employment. This sector has great role to play in poverty reduction and employment generation. Animal farming can easily give return of 20-30% per year.

Many farm animals have a multi-functional role, for example:

- Produce dung which is of great importance for soil fertility
- Yield products such as milk or eggs for sale or own consumption continuously
- Recycle by-products such as straw or kitchen waste
- Serve as draught animals for tillage or transport
- Produce meat, hides, feathers, horns etc
- Serve as an investment or a bank
- Help in pest control (e.g. dugs) and weed management (e.g. grazing on barren fields)
- Have cultural or religious significance (prestige, ceremonies etc.)
- Produce young stock for breeding or sale



Farmers learnt the following things from our workshop:

- Farm animal production
- Animal biology
- Breeding
- Livestock nutrition
- Business and Management
- Marketing



Organic Farming

Organic farming promotes the use of crop rotations and cover crops, and encourages balanced host/predator relationships. Organic residues and nutrients produced on the farm are recycled back to the soil. Cover crops and composted manure are used to maintain soil organic matter and fertility. Preventative insect and disease control methods are practiced, including crop rotation, improved genetics and resistant varieties. Integrated pest and weed management, and soil conservation systems are valuable tools on an organic farm. A workshop on organic farming was organised at KVK Khedbrahmma for 56 farmers. The main purpose of the workshop was to make farmers aware of and encourage them to adapt organic farming. Dr. J. J. Mistry, Agriculture Scientist gave information on organic farming and how usage of chemicals and fertilisers can be harmful to human lives.

Mr. Samveg Lalbhai, Chairman, NLRDF was present during the workshop. He has shared his experience with the farmers in the workshop. As being a farmer, he interacted and encouraged farmers for organic farming. He said that organic farming only can help society to be healthy. He discussed and explained farmers the importance of organic farming in the following manner:

- *Protecting the long term fertility of soils by maintaining organic matter levels, encouraging soil biological activity, and careful mechanical intervention*
- *Providing crop nutrients indirectly using relatively insoluble nutrient sources which are made available to the plant by the action of soil micro-organisms*
- *Nitrogen self-sufficiency through the use of legumes and biological nitrogen fixation, as well as effective recycling of organic materials including crop residues and livestock manures*
- *Weed, disease and pest control relying primarily on crop rotations, natural predators, diversity, organic manuring, resistant varieties and limited (preferably minimal) thermal, biological and chemical intervention*
- *The extensive management of livestock, paying full regard to their evolutionary adaptations, behavioural needs and animal welfare issues with respect to nutrition, housing, health, breeding and rearing.*



| HEARTFULLNESS AND MEDITATION FOR RELAXATION PROGRAMME

NLRDF, is working in the area of Sabarkantha district since more last 35 years, and out of the wide experience with the people of all spectrum there, the organisation was worried about the creeping stress in the life of people, so to address this micro non tangible problem, NLRDF contacted Shri Ramchandra Mission an organisation associated with UNDPI of UN, and pursued them to, run their Heartfulness Relaxation and Meditation Programme, in this area with association of NLRDF.

The ground work was done by the able staff of NLRDF stationed there at Khedbharma, which was selected as a pilot town for a Pilot programme, to inform and enable the tribal and simple people there with the effective tool of relaxation and mediation, which they could interweave in their day to day Life.

On 21st September, along with the team of three trainers from SRCM (Shri Ramchandra Mission), the ground staff of NLRDF arranged one hour programme in following education institutions shown in the table, which was attended by the students. After that informative session trainers from SRCM stayed backed with the staff of NLRDF, for three days trained and enabled students in the micro Life Skill of Relaxation and Mediation. The programme worked as a small lamp lit in the darkness of stress in the mind and hearts of people.



Sr. No	Name of Institute	Place	1 st day	2 nd day	3 rd day	4 th day
1	Sheth N. L. High School & Shakti Krupa Vidhyalay-NAKA	Laxmipura	167	167	167	167
2	Jyoti Vidhyalaya & NLRDF Staff	Khedbrahma	243	111	71	130
3	D. D. Thakar Arts & K J Patel Commerce College	Khedbrahma	47	43	43	00
4	Arradekta Eng College	Khedbrahma	529	23	22	00
5	Government Tribal Hostel	Khedbrahma	87	87	70	70
6	Sheth K. T. High School	Khedbrahma	240	00	00	00
	TOTAL		1313	431	373	367



After 3 seatings, we have planned Meditation session for every Saturday morning time. All students joined meditation during reported three months. We have received good feedback and response. We have covered 3 schools and covered more than 900 students and teachers.

Narottam Lalbhai Rural Development Fund, staff of khedbrahma (17) and IDAR (08) on regular basis conducts a meditation programme in our Khedbrahma office from 9.30 am to 10.30 am every Saturday.

We have also covered other three schools and 2 Hostels for Meditation Programme, Three day session enabled students in the micro Life skill of Relaxation and Mediation.

Lot of inspiration and active contribution has been received from Smt. Jayshreeben Lalbhai, Trustee, NLRDF and Shri. Punit Lalbhai, Executive Director, Arvind Ltd and also from team of Shri Ramchandra Mission Ashram, Ahmedabad for effective implementation of meditation programme.

PART – A Schools												
Sr. No	Name of School & Village	Time	19-1-2016			20-1-2016			21-01-2016			Instructor Name
			Students	Staff	Total	Students	Staff	Total	Students	Staff	Total	
1	Govt. Secondary School, Derol	11:00 am to 12:00 noon	87	10	97	63	09	72	70	08	78	Sangitaben Harshaben
2	Govt. Secondary School, Paroya	11:00 am to 12:00 noon	54	08	62	33	03	36	33	03	36	Parulben
3	Govt. Secondary School, Khedava	11:00 am to 12:00 noon	103	09	112	108	09	117	99	09	108	Shukalaji Jaydeep
TOTAL PART- A			244	27	271	204	21	225	202	20	222	
PART – B Hostels												
4	Govt. Trebles Boys Hostel, Khedbharhma	5:00 pm to 6:00 pm	54	01	55	07	01	*08	07	01	*08	Shukalaji Jaydeep
5	Govt. Trebles Girls Hostel, Khedbharhma	5:00 pm to 6:00 pm	36	01	37	31	01	32	30	01	31	Parulben
TOTAL PART – B			90	2	92	38	2	40	37	2	39	
TOTAL PART – A+B			334	29	363	242	23	265	239	22	261	

Representation of NLRDF in Government body

- *Member of Advisory Committee of Sabarkantha District – Himatnagar*
- *Member of local monitoring body for various project of Krushi Vikas Kendra – Khedbrahma, District Sabarkantha*
- *Member of District Level Committee for Rehabilitation of Vulnerable Women in Sabarkantha District by Women & Child Development Dept. Gandhinagar.*
- *Member of Committee of E-formal sector Development – Urban Community Development Dept. in Ahmedabad Municipal Corporation.*
- *Member of Appeal Samiti for Prime Minister AvasYojana in DRDA of Sabarkantha District.*

Block Placement Students

Sr. No	Name of the Institutes	No. of Students	Course	Period
1	B K Majmudar Institute of Business Administration – Ahmedabad	26	MBA	04-05-2015 to 28-05-2015
2	Sabar Gram Seva Mahavidhyalay – Sonasan, Saabarkantha	4	BRS	22-12-2015 to 09-01-2016
3	Mahila Gram Vidhyapith – Nardipur, Dist- Gandhinagar	2	BRS	28-12-2015 to 16-01-2016
4	M.S. University, Baroda	10	Nutrition Specialist	15-03-2016 to 22-05-2016

External Visitors

Sr. No	Name	Name of the Organisation	Designation	Visit date	Purpose
1	Ms. Manjari Pant	UNICEF – Gandhinagar	Communication for Development Officer	06-10-2015	Visit for project activity
2	Ms. Herriette Ahrens	UNICEF – Delhi	DD (Programme) Country Office – Delhi	26-11-2015	External Monitoring - Visit during project
3	Mr. Jeroo Master	UNICEF – Gandhinagar	Chief	26-11-2015	External Monitoring - Visit during project
4	Mr. Narayan Goyenkar	UNICEF – Gandhinagar	Health Specialist	26-11-2015	Project activity NACP
5	Ms. Kavita Sharma	UNICEF – Gandhinagar	Nutrition Specialist	22-12-2015	Visit for project activity
6	Mr. Bharatkumar Patel	NABARD - Ahmedabad	District Development Officer	16-03-2016	Role of FPO sector in rural areas.
7	Mr. Chetanya Bhatt	TSU (PHFI)	Project Director - Gujarat	25-03-2016	Project activity NACP - Dahej
8	Mr. Ram Parveen Tivari	ONGC	Production Manager	10-06-2015	Competitive Exam Preparation Library -Kadi
9	Mr. Vallabhchai M Patel	Serve Vidhyalay - Kadi	Chairman	05-08-2015	Competitive Exam Preparation Library –Kadi
10	Mr. Prakash Solanki	EDII, Gandhinagar	Programme Director	01-09-2015	EDP Food Processing, Anand
11	Mr. Prakashbhai Malik	DIC Anand	General Manager	20-07-2015	EDP Food Processing, Anand
12	Mr. Mukesh Sharma	Bank of Baroda, Anand	Lead bank Manager	20-07-2015	EDP Food Processing, Anand
13	Mr. J.J. Patel	ATMA Anand	Project Director	20-07-2015	EDP Food Processing, Anand

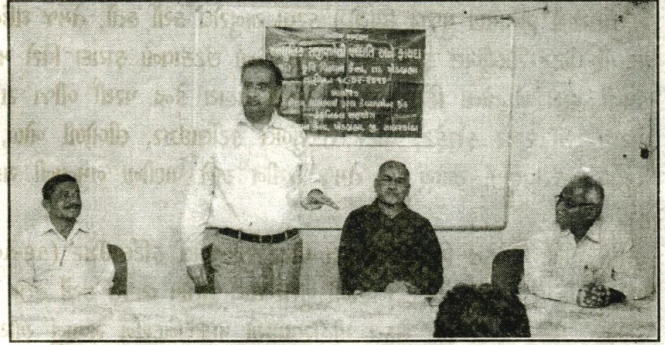


I MEDIA COVERAGE



ઈડર | વિશ્વ એઈડસ દિનની ઉજવણી અંતર્ગત મંગળવારે ઈડરમાં એઈડસ જનજાગૃતિ રેલી યોજાઈ હતી. રેલી સ્કૂલ ઓફ નર્સિંગ, આત્મ વલ્લભ હોસ્પિટલ તથા નરોત્તમ લાલભાઈ ટ્રસ્ટના ઉપક્રમે યોજાઈ હતી. જેની શરૂઆત આત્મવલ્લભ હોસ્પિટલ થઈ હતી. જે બસ સ્ટેન્ડ, જાહેર માર્ગો પર થઈ રેફરલ હોસ્પિટલ પૂર્ણ થઈ હતી. રેલીમાં 200થી વધુ વિદ્યાર્થીઓ, સ્કૂલ ઓફ નર્સિંગના ડાયરેક્ટર ધવલભાઈ પરીખ, આચાર્ય અજયભાઈ જૈન, 18 લેક્ચરર તથા નરોત્તમ લાલભાઈ ટ્રસ્ટના હેલ્થ વિભાગના કર્મચારીઓ જોડાયા હતા. • અંકિત શાહ

નરોત્તમ લાલભાઈ રૂરલ ડેવલપમેન્ટ ફંડ દ્વારા ખેડૂત તાલીમ કાર્યક્રમ યોજાયો



આજના યુગમાં ખેડૂતો વધુને વધુ ઉત્પાદન લેવા અને વધુ ભાવ લેવા માટે નવી નવી ટેકનોલોજીની સાથે સાથે દવાઓ અને સાસાયણિક ખાતસોનો ખૂબ જ ઉપયોગ કરે છે. જેના લીધે ખેતી મોઢી થતી જાય છે. જમીન વધુ ને વધુ બીન ઉપજાઉ થતી જાય છે. માનવજાત ઉપર દવાઓ અને સાસાયણિક ખાતસોનો વપસરા થયેલ ખાદ્યાન પદાર્થોથી જીવલેણ રોગોનું પ્રમાણ વધતું જાય છે. આવી પરિસ્થિતિને ધ્યાનમાં રાખીને નરોત્તમ લાલભાઈ રૂરલ ડેવલપમેન્ટ ફંડ દ્વારા આધુનિક સજીવખેતી પધ્ધતિ અને તેના ફાયદા વિશેની ખેડૂત તાલીમ સમવાયા આવી હતી.

કૃષિ વિજ્ઞાન કેન્દ્રના વિસ્તરણ શિક્ષણના તજજ્ઞ શ્રી ડૉ. જે.જે. ગિરી સાહેબે આધુનિક સજીવખેતી કરવાથી થતા ફાયદાઓ, જમીનની ગુણવત્તા અને માનવજાતનું આરોગ્ય સુખાકાસી સ્વે તેની સમજણ આપી હતી. પરશુના છાણ અને મૂત્રમાં યુરિયાનું પ્રમાણ છે. તેનો વધુને વધુ ઉપયોગ, લીમકાના દ્રાવણથી ટેરી દવા બનાવવાની પધ્ધતિઓ વિશેની સમજણ આપી હતી.

નરોત્તમ લાલભાઈ રૂરલ ડેવલપમેન્ટ ફંડ સંસ્થાના ચેરમેન, શેઠશ્રી સંવેગભાઈ એ. લાલભાઈ એ પોતાના ખેતરમાં સજીવખેતી કરવાથી તેમને થયેલા ફાયદાઓ, ઓછા ખર્ચે વધુ ઉપજ લેવાની પધ્ધતિ અને જમીનની ભેજ ધારણ શક્તિ વધવાથી એક કરતાં વધુ પાક લેવાની પોતાની કોઠાસૂઝ વિશેની માહિતી આપી હતી. તેમણે ગાય વિશે વાત કરતા જણાવ્યું કે, ગાય એ માતા છે જે દૂધ, છાણ, મૂત્ર આપે છે. અને તેમાં ઈથરનો વાસ છે. ખેડૂતોને ગાય પાળવા , તેનો સફ્ટઉપયોગ કરવા અને અંત સુધી તેની સેવા કરવાનો અનુરોધ કર્યો હતો.

નરોત્તમ લાલભાઈ રૂરલ ડેવલપમેન્ટ ફંડ સંસ્થાના પ્રોજેક્ટ એડમીનીસ્ટ્રેટર શ્રી વિનોદભાઈ દેસાઈએ કાર્યક્રમની ફલશ્રુતિ રૂપે બધાંજ ખેડૂતોને સજીવખેતી સ્વીકારે તેવો આગ્રહ સમ્પાદ્યો હતો. અને અંતમાં સૌનો આભાર માનીને તાલીમ કાર્યક્રમ પૂર્ણ કર્યો હતો.



FUNDS AND DONORS

NLRDF has so far been funded by the Arvind Mills Ltd. Ahmedabad to the tune of Rs. 20 Million. NLRDF has also been mobilising government funds directly for the beneficiaries of its programme as well as for certain infrastructural activities and other purposes of rural interest.

- Narottam Lalbhai Rural Development Fund is a voluntary organisation registered under the Bombay Public Trust Act 1950 as Charitable Trust (Reg. No. E/3296/29.7.1978.)
- Narottam Lalbhai Rural Development Fund is registered u/s 12A of the Income Tax Act. 1961 No. N-83/ARV.
- All individual & corporate donations are also eligible for exemption u/s 80.G. The exemption under section 80 -G is available vide their letter No. DIT(E)/80G(S)/1176/06-07, dated. 20.9.2007
- Narottam Lalbhai Rural Development Fund is also registered under Foreign Contribution Regulation Act 1976 for accepting any foreign donations & grants vide Registration No: 041910009 dated: 8.1.1985

Name and Address of Banks

- State Bank of India, Naroda Road, Ahmedabad - 380025
- State Bank of India, Bhadra Main, Ahmedabad. (FCRA Account)
- HDFC Bank, Mithakhali, Ahmedabad

Name and Address of Auditors

Sorab S. Engineers & Co.,
909, ATMA House, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE

Mr. K. P. Patel – Chief Manager

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Ahmedabad – 380025

email: kanti.patel@arvind.in

website : www.nlrdf.org

Tel.: 079 – 30138760

FIELD OFFICES

Khedbrahma

NLRDF

Behind Gayatri Temple
At. Khedbrahma,
District. Sabarkantha

Kadi

NLRDF

Kadi Serva Vidhyalaya Campus
At. Kadi,
District. Mahesana

Idar

NLRDF

E - 207 Damodar Complex
Opp- SBI Bank,
At. Idar
Dist. Sabarkantha

Bharuch

NLRDF

304, Sanskar Avenue,
At. Jolve, Dahej Road
District. Bharuch

Himmatnagar

NLRDF

S.K.Dist. Sangh Building
At. Himmatnagar,
Dist. Sabarkantha

ANNEXURES

Abbreviations

NLRDF	NarottamLalbhai Rural Development Fond	BHO	Block Health Office
PPP	Public Private Partnership	KP	Key Population
NGO	Non Government Organisation	SMC	School Management Committee
RMC	Regular Medical Check up	PE	Peer Educator
STD	Sexual Transmitted Diseases	DPO	District Planning Officer
GSACS	Gujarat State AIDS Control Society	ORW	Out Reach Worker
SHG	Self Help Group	TKN	Taluka Kelavani Nirikshak
NACP	National AIDS Control Programme	HRG	High Risk Group
STI	Sexual Transmitted Infection	NABARD	National Bank for Agri. & Rural Development
PHC	Public Health Center	HRB	High Risk Behavior
ICTC	Integrated Counseling and Testing Center	EDP	Entrepreneurship Development Programme
CHC	Community Health Center	PRI	Panchayati Raj Institute
RTI	Reproductive Transmitted Infection	VV	Village Volunteer
TI	Targeted Intervention	FFL	Fact for Life
MSW	Master of Social Work	IPC	Inter person Communication
IYCN	Infant and Young Child Nutrition	AWW	Anganwadi Worker
TRP	Technical Resource Person	ONGC	Oil and Natural Gas Corporation
BRP	Block Resource Person	DIC	District Industries Center
MO	Medical Officer	KVK	Krushvi Vigyan Kendra
EDI	Entrepreneurship Development Institute	HIV	Human Immuno Deficiency Virus
ELM	Employment Lead Model	AIDS	Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome
FICTC	Facility Integrated Counseling and Testing Centre	FPO	Farmers Producer Organisation
ART	Anti Retro viral therapy	VHSNC	Village Health Sanitation & Nutrition Communication
DIC	Drop in Center		



